SAFETY DATA SHEET

HAZARD STATEMENTS

K5[™] "A" Component Revised Date: 10/16/2018 Version: 9 SDS-068

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME CAS NUMBER PRODUCT USE MANUFACTURER ADDRESS PHONE FAX EMERGENCY CONTACT TOLL FREE INTERNATIONAL FAX

Skin corrosion/irritation

K5™ "A" Component Not available Polvurea Coating Specialty Products, Inc. (SPI) 2410 104TH ST. CT. S. STE Ó LAKEWOOD, WA 98499 800 627 0773 253 588 7101 253 588 7196 FOR SPILLS, LEAKS, FIRE, OR EXPOSURE CALL CHEMTREC 800 424 9300 +1 703 527 3887 913 321 1490

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

GHS PICTOGRAM



DANGER GHS CLASSIFICATION CATEGORY H315 Category 2 Causes skin irritation.

Skin sensitization	Category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2B	H320	Causes eye irritation.				
Acute toxicity inhalation	Category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.				
Respiratory sensitization	Category 1	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.				
Specific target organ toxicity (STOT), single exposure; respiratory tract	Category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.				
Specific target organ toxicity (STOT), repeated exposure	Category 1	H372	Causes damage to organs (respiratory tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.				
	PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS						

PREVENTION P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. RESPONSE P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P321 Specific treatment (as detailed in this SDS). P332+P313 IF SKIN irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P305+P351+P338 P337+P313 IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P304+P312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. IF experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P342+P311 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P314 STORAGE P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. DISPOSAL P501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations

READ THE ENTIRE SDS FOR MORE THOROUGH EVALUATION OF THE HAZARDS



SECTION 3: COMPOSIT	ION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS						
CHEMICAL NAME		CAS NUMBER	% WEIGHT				
Polyurethane		*Proprietary	50-80				
2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocya		5873-54-1	1-10				
4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocya		101-68-8	1-10				
lsocyanates, reaction product o	of polyol with MDI	*Proprietary	1-5				
Propylene carbonate		108-32-7	1-10				
2,2'-Diphenylmethane diisocya		2536-05-2	1-5				
SECTION 4: FIRST AID	and exact percentage (concentration) is withheld as a trade secret per a	pplicable regulations a	and statutes.				
EYE:	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 mir	utes. Get medical attenti	on immediately				
SKIN:	After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of warm, soapy water. Rer Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. A poly-glycol based skin cleanser or co water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Cle	orn oil may be more effec	tive than soap and				
INHALATION:	Move exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately. irritation or bronchospasm. If breathing is labored, oxygen should be a	Treatment is symptom dministered by qualifie	atic for primary ed personnel.				
INGESTION:	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never g person. Provided the patient is conscious, wash out mouth with water. Get med	ive anything by mouth to ical attention if symptoms	an unconscious appear.				
NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:	Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe exmonitored for 48 hours.	posure, medical follow	-up should be				
SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHT	ING MEASURES						
FLASH POINT:	384°F (196°C).						
HAZARDS WHEN ON FIRE OR NEAR FLAME:	Closed container may forcibly rupture under extreme heat or when cor $(CO_2 \text{ formed})$.	ntents are contaminate	ed with water				
SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or dry powder.						
UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	Direct water spray.	Direct water spray.					
SPECIAL EXPOSURE HAZARDS:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If in a fire or heated, a pressur increase will occur and the container may rupture.						
SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTERS:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-co with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. PVC boots, clothing should be worn.	ontained breathing app gloves, safety helmet,	oaratus (SCBA) and protective				
SECTION 6: ACCIDENTA	AL RELEASE MEASURES						
ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:	For major spills call CHEMTREC : Toll free 1-800-424-9300 for internat	ional call 1-703-527-3	887.				
PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:	Wear appropriate personal protective equipment recommended in SE PERSONAL PROTECTION of this SDS. Immediately contact emergence upwind avoiding inhalation of vapors. Clean-up should only be perform dealing with major spillages should wear full protective clothing include	y personnel. Evacuate med by trained persor	e the area. Keep nel. People				
ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:	This material may contaminate the environment without proper control and response to spills. Ensure spill material does not come in contact with soil, waterway, drains, sewers, or other runoff that would further disperse the material. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil, or air). Sources of ignition should be kept clear.						
METHODS FOR CONTAINMENT:	Use diking or capping to control migration. Contain and absorb large spillages with a non-flammable absorbent carrier (such as vermiculite, earth, or sand). DO NOT USE combustible materials such as sawdus Shovel into open-top drums or plastic bags for further decontamination, if necessary. Remove and properly dispose of residues. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor (See SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS) Notify applicable government authorities if release is reportable.						
METHODS FOR CLEANING UP:	Only proceed with clean up by taking the appropriate personal protection surrounding area does not contain further hazards that could worsen the s harm (i.e. eliminate any ignition sources). Move any non-contaminated, no if it can be done safely. Dike, dam, or further restrict and stop active leaks to individuals, the environment, and/or structures. Contain and collect spill CONSIDERATIONS for disposal information and SECTION 8: EXPOSURE C recommended Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Obey all local, state,	pill, cause migration, or n-leaking containers fro without posing further c age. See SECTION 13: CONTROL/ PERSONAL	cause further m the spill zone lamage or harm DISPOSAL PROTECTION for				

SECTION 7: HANDLING & STORAGE						
GENERAL:	Ideal storage temperature is 60-90°F (15-32°C). Handling and storage shall be in accordance with local, state/ provincial, or federal regulations.					
HANDLING:	Before opening this package, read and follow warning labels on all components. Avoid contact with the product or reaction mixture. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Use only with adequate ventilation to ensure that the occupational exposure limit is not exceeded, use respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Avoid breathing aerosols, mists, and vapors. (See SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/ PERSONAL PROTECTION for details). Do not ingest. Eating, drinking, and smoking shall be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Workers shall wash hands and face before eating, drinking, and smoking. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems, asthma, allergies, or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material. Keep tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse containers.					
STORAGE:	Keep container tightly closed and properly sealed when stored. Keep contents away from moisture. Due to reaction with water producing CO ₂ gas, a hazardous build-up of pressure could result if contaminated containers are resealed. DO NOT reseal contaminated containers. Uncontaminated containers, free of moisture, may be resealed and stored after purging the container with argon or nitrogen gas.					

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS:

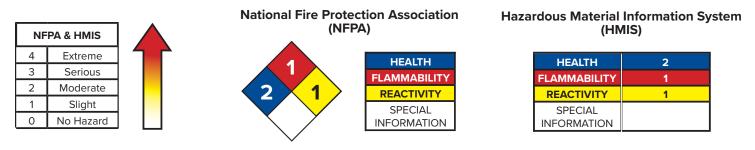
COMPONENT NAME	CAS NUMBER	EXPOSURE LIMITS				
Polyurethane	*Proprietary	Not available				
2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	5873-54-1	Not available				
4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	101-68-8	ACGIH TLV TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hour(s) OSHA PEL CEIL: 0.02 ppm CEIL: 0.2 mg/m ³ NIOSH REL CEIL: 0.2 mg/m ³ 10 minute(s) CEIL: 0.2 ppm 10 minute(s) TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 10 hour(s) TWA: 0.005 ppm 10 hour(s)				
Isocyanates, reaction product of polyol with MDI	*Proprietary	Not available				
Propylene carbonate	108-32-7	Not available				
2,2'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	2536-05-2	Not available				
ENGINEERING CONTROLS:	Use only with adequate ventilat enclosures, local exhaust ventil contaminants below any recom	tion. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor, or mist, use process ation, and other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne mended or statutory limits.				
HYGIENE MEASURES:	smoking, and using the restroom other best practice decontaminat unintended migration of contamin in compliance with local, state, an	thoroughly with plenty of soap and water after handling chemical products, before eating, and at the end of the working period. Appropriate engineering, administrative, and tion control measures must be used to isolate contaminates on clothing and to prevent nants. Handle clothing and other potentially contaminated material appropriately and d federal regulations in the process of removing, washing/cleaning, and reuse of these ls. Ensure compliant use and location of eyewash station and safety showers.				
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQU	IPMENT (PPE):					
EYE PROTECTION:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield.					
SKIN PROTECTION:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed, the risks involved, and should be approved by an industrial hygiene specialist before handling this product.					
HANDS PROTECTION:	Chemical resistant gloves complying with applicable health and safety standards shall be worn when handling this product. Protective gloves are those made from butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or polyvinyl alcohol. Appropriate hazard assessments in conjunction with an evaluation of the protection factors of chemical resistant gloves shall be performed to ensure the protective properties remain intact. It is noted that the time it takes to breakdown of protection factors for different glove manufacturers varies. In the case of mixtures, the protection factors of chemical resistant gloves may be impacted and deteriorate at unpredictable rates without understanding the impact of the substance and the specific protection factors of the chemical resistant gloves.					
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:	Ensure adequate ventilation. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as OSHA 29CFR 1910.134, NIOSH (US), or CEN (EU).					
ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:	prevent potential environmenta potential environmental hazard	pent materials and wastes in compliance with all local, state, and federal regulations to vironmental contamination. Industrial air monitoring may be required to determine any tal hazards to the atmosphere. This monitoring may result in the use of engineering and ls such as filtering and scrubbing systems to mitigate or eliminate potential contaminants.				

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL &	CHEMICAL PROPE	RTIES					
PHYSICAL STATE:	Liquid	FLAS	H POINT:	384°F (196°C)			
COLOR:	Clear yellow	AUTO	-IGNITION TEMPERATURE:	Not available			
ODOR:	Slightly musty	DECO	MPOSITION TEMPERATURE	: Not available			
ODOR THRESHOLD:	Not available	EXPL	OSIVE LIMITS:	Not explosive			
pH:	Not applicable	FLAN	MABILITY:	Not available			
WATER SOLUBILITY:	Not available	BOIL	NG POINT:	Not available			
PARTITION COEFFICIENT:	Not available	BOIL	NG RANGE:	Not available			
SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	1.15±0.005 g/cc @ 77°	F (25°C) MELT	ING/FREEZING POINT:	Not available			
VISCOSITY:	1,400±100 mPa.s @ 77	7°F (25°C) VAPC	R PRESSURE:	Not available			
EVAPORATION RATE:	Not available	VAPO	R DENSITY:	Not available			
VOC:	0 g/L	RELA	TIVE DENSITY:	9.6±0.05 lbs/gal			
SECTION 10: STABILITY &							
STABILITY:	Stable when handled	and stored at temp	eratures 60-90°F (15-32°C).				
INCOMPATIBILITY:	Incompatible with wat	er, alcohols, amines	, bases, and acids.				
HAZARDOUS REACTION:	hazardous reactions will materials containing activ be violent at higher temp presence of solvents. Th	not occur. Reaction w ve hydrogen groups o peratures if the miscibi is material is insoluble	th water (moisture) produces CO an occur. The reaction becomes f ity of the reaction partners is goo	rmal conditions of storage and use, gas. An exothermic reaction with rogressively more vigorous and can I or is supported by stirring or by the ks to the bottom, but reacts slowly at by liberating carbon dioxide.			
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	Polymerization may or compounds. Under n	ccur at elevated ter ormal conditions of	peratures in the presence of storage and use, hazardous p	alkalis, tertiary amines and metal olymerization should not occur.			
	Avoid moisture contamination and high temperatures.						
CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	Avoid moisture contar	mination and high te	emperatures.				
CONDITIONS TO AVOID: HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:		_		itrogen oxides when near heat			
	May produce toxic fun source/flame.	_		itrogen oxides when near heat			
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:	May produce toxic fun source/flame.	_		itrogen oxides when near heat			
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HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: SECTION 11: TOXICOLOG ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS: EYE CONTACT: SKIN CONTACT: INHALATION: INGESTION: ACUTE TOXICITY: COMPONENT NAME	May produce toxic fun source/flame. Y INFORMATION Causes eye irritation w corneal injury. Vapor or Causes skin irritation w experience allergic skin difficult to remove. Cor Diisocyanate vapors or mi membranes in the respira shortness of breath and re hyperreactivity can respor asthma-like symptoms. Ex- edema (fluid in lungs). Cha reported. These symptom test atmosphere generate placed on the market, and applied for the purpose of classification for acute inh May cause irritation of th CAS NUMBER	ith symptoms of react r aerosol may cause with symptoms of react r aerosol may cause with symptoms of react n reaction with sym ntact with MDI can contract ist at concentrations a tory tract (nose, throat educed lung function in tory tract (nose, throat educed lung function in tory tract (nose, throat educed lung function in to concentrations b second to concentrations b action tract (nose, throat educed lung function in to concentrations b action the animal study d how it can reasonab f assessing hazard. Bac alation toxicity is justified the digestive tract. Sym LD ₅₀ Oral (mg/k	dening, tearing, stinging, and irritation with symptoms of bu- idening, itching, and swelling. btoms of reddening, itching, s- ause discoloration. bove the TLV or PEL can irritate (b lungs) causing runny nose, sore- oreathing obstruction). Persons w elow the TLV or PEL can irritate (b vity pneumonitis, with flu-like symp o several hours after exposure. The s not representative of workplace y be expected to be used. Theref sed on expert judgment and the ed. nptoms may include abdominal LD ₅₀ Dermal (mg/kg)	swelling. May cause temporary irning and tearing. Persons previously sensitized can velling, and rash. Cured material is urning sensation) the mucous hroat, coughing, chest discomfort, th a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial ymptoms as well as asthma attack or s, bronchial spasm and pulmonary toms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been nese effects are usually reversible. The environments, how the substance is pore the test result cannot be directly veight of the evidence, a modified pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. LC ₅₀ Inhalation (mg/L/4hrs)			
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: SECTION 11: TOXICOLOG ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS: EYE CONTACT: SKIN CONTACT: INHALATION: INGESTION: ACUTE TOXICITY: COMPONENT NAME Polyurethane	May produce toxic fun source/flame. Y INFORMATION Causes eye irritation w corneal injury. Vapor or Causes skin irritation w experience allergic skir difficult to remove. Cor Diisocyanate vapors or mi membranes in the respira shortness of breath and re hyperreactivity can respor asthma-like symptoms. Ex- edema (fluid in lungs). Chk reported. These symptom test atmosphere generate placed on the market, and applied for the purpose of classification for acute inh May cause irritation of the CAS NUMBER *Proprietary	ith symptoms of reaction are acrosol may cause with symptoms of reaction with symptoms of reaction with symptoms of reaction with MDI can contract with MDI can contract with MDI can contract are acrosol and to concentrations a tory tract (nose, throad educed lung function ind to concentrations be gosure well above the amical or hypersensities can be delayed up and to an reasonab f assessing hazard. Baalation toxicity is justified in the animal study d how it can reasonab f assessing hazard. Baalation toxicity is justified in the animal study be directed to the animal study d how it can reasonab f assessing hazard. Baalation toxicity is justified in the animal study be directed to the animal study d how it can reasonab f assessing hazard. Baalation toxicity is justified in the animal study d how it can reasonab f assessing hazard. Baalation toxicity is justified to the digestive tract. Synthetic to the digestive tract is specified to the animal study of the digestive tract. Synthetic to the digestive tract with the digestive tract is specified to the track of the digestive tract. Synthetic to the digestive track of the digestive tra	dening, tearing, stinging, and irritation with symptoms of bu Idening, itching, and swelling. toms of reddening, itching, st ause discoloration. bove the TLV or PEL can irritate (b lungs) causing runny nose, sore breathing obstruction). Persons w elow the TLV or PEL with similar se TLV or PEL may lead to bronchit ity pneumonitis, with flu-like symp o several hours after exposure. T s not representative of workplace y be expected to be used. Theref sed on expert judgment and the ed. nptoms may include abdominal g) LD ₅₀ Dermal (mg/kg) >5,000 (rabbit)	swelling. May cause temporary irning and tearing. Persons previously sensitized can velling, and rash. Cured material is urning sensation) the mucous hroat, coughing, chest discomfort, th a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial ymptoms as well as asthma attack or s, bronchial spasm and pulmonary toms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been nese effects are usually reversible. The environments, how the substance is pre the test result cannot be directly veight of the evidence, a modified pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. LC ₅₀ Inhalation (mg/L/4hrs) Not available			
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: SECTION 11: TOXICOLOG ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS: EYE CONTACT: SKIN CONTACT: INHALATION: INHALATION: INGESTION: ACUTE TOXICITY: COMPONENT NAME Polyurethane 2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	May produce toxic fun source/flame. Y INFORMATION Causes eye irritation w corneal injury. Vapor or Causes skin irritation w experience allergic skin difficult to remove. Cor Diisocyanate vapors or mi membranes in the respira shortness of breath and re hyperreactivity can respon asthma-like symptoms. Ex- edema (fluid in lungs). Cha reported. These symptom test atmosphere generate placed on the market, and applied for the purpose of classification for acute inh May cause irritation of th CAS NUMBER *Proprietary 5873-54-1	ith symptoms of recompared and a symptoms of recompared and the symptoms of the symptoms of the symptoms of the symptoms and the concentrations be delayed up the symptom and to concentrations be delayed up and to concentrations be delayed up and the animal study different the animal	dening, tearing, stinging, and irritation with symptoms of bu- dirritation with symptoms of bu- didening, itching, and swelling. botoms of reddening, itching, s- ause discoloration. bove the TLV or PEL can irritate (b lungs) causing runny nose, sore- preathing obstruction). Persons w elow the TLV or PEL can irritate (b lungs) causing runny nose, sore- preathing obstruction). Persons w elow the TLV or PEL with similar s e TLV or PEL may lead to bronchit <i>i</i> ty pneumonitis, with flu-like symp o several hours after exposure. T is not representative of workplace y be expected to be used. Theref sed on expert judgment and the ed. mptoms may include abdominal g) LD _{so} Dermal (mg/kg) >5,000 (rabbit) >9,400 (rabbit)	swelling. May cause temporary irning and tearing. Persons previously sensitized can velling, and rash. Cured material is urning sensation) the mucous hroat, coughing, chest discomfort, th a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial ymptoms as well as asthma attack or s, bronchial spasm and pulmonary toms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been hese effects are usually reversible. The environments, how the substance is pre the test result cannot be directly veight of the evidence, a modified pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. LC _{so} Inhalation (mg/L/4hrs) Not available 0.49 (rat)			
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: SECTION 11: TOXICOLOG ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS: EYE CONTACT: SKIN CONTACT: INHALATION: INHALATION: INGESTION: ACUTE TOXICITY: COMPONENT NAME Polyurethane 2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate 4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	May produce toxic fun source/flame. Y INFORMATION Causes eye irritation w corneal injury. Vapor or Causes skin irritation w experience allergic skin difficult to remove. Cor Diisocyanate vapors or mi membranes in the respira shortness of breath and re hyperreactivity can respon asthma-like symptoms. Ex- edema (fluid in lungs). Cha reported. These symptom test atmosphere generate placed on the market, and applied for the purpose of classification for acute inh May cause irritation of th CAS NUMBER *Proprietary 5873-54-1 101-68-8	ith symptoms of reaction are acrosol may cause with symptoms of reaction with symptoms of reaction with symptoms of reaction with MDI can contract with MDI can contract with MDI can contract are acrosol ung function and to concentrations be delayed up? If a concentrations to take the animal study different to an reasonability of the animal study different to concentrations to concentrations to concentrations to concentrations to the animal study different to an the animal study different to an the animal study different to a reasonability and the concentrations to concentrations to concentrations to the animal study different to an teasonable different d	dening, tearing, stinging, and irritation with symptoms of bu- didening, itching, and swelling. otoms of reddening, itching, s- ause discoloration. bove the TLV or PEL can irritate (b lungs) causing runny nose, sore- oreathing obstruction). Persons w elow the TLV or PEL can irritate (b lungs) causing runny nose, sore- oreathing obstruction). Persons w elow the TLV or PEL with similar s e TLV or PEL may lead to bronchit <i>i</i> ty pneumonitis, with flu-like symp o several hours after exposure. T is not representative of workplace y be expected to be used. Theref sed on expert judgment and the ed. nptoms may include abdominal g) LD ₅₀ Dermal (mg/kg) >5,000 (rabbit) >9,400 (rabbit)	swelling. May cause temporary irning and tearing. Persons previously sensitized can velling, and rash. Cured material is urning sensation) the mucous hroat, coughing, chest discomfort, th a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial ymptoms as well as asthma attack or s, bronchial spasm and pulmonary itoms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been hese effects are usually reversible. The environments, how the substance is pre the test result cannot be directly veight of the evidence, a modified pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. LC ₅₀ Inhalation (mg/L/4hrs) Not available 0.49 (rat) 0.49 (rat)			

POTENTIAL CHRONIC EFFECTS:								
CHRONIC EFFECTS:	As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop sensitization to isocyanates (asthma or asthma-like symptoms) that may cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanates at levels well below the TLV or PEL. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Extreme asthmatic reactions can be life threatening. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air, or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Sensitization can be permanent. Chronic overexposure to isocyanates has also been reported to cause lung damage (including fibrosis, decrease in lung function) that may be permanent. Prolonged contact with skin can cause reddening, swelling, rash, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Animal tests and other research indicate that skin contact with MDI can play a role in causing isocyanate sensitization and respiratory reaction. This data reinforces the need to prevent direct skin contact with isocyanates. Prolonged vapor contact with the eyes may cause conjunctivitis.							
TARGET ORGANS:	Contains material which causes damage to the upper respiratory tract.							
CARCINOGENICITY:	to the most recent infe	ormation with NT s Group 3. Expos	P. The ma sure to lev	aterial is clas /els of MDI, s	al Toxic Program (NTP) Report of Carcinogens. Please refer sified on the International Agency for Research on Cancer significantly above the threshold limit value (0.005 ppm), was udy using rats.			
MUTAGENICITY:	No known significa	nt effects or cri	tical haz	ards.				
TERATOGENICITY:	No known significa	nt effects or cri	tical haz	ards.				
FERTILITY EFFECTS:	No known significa	nt effects or cri	tical haz	ards.				
DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS:	No known significa	nt effects or cri	tical haz	ards.				
MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVER-EXPOSURE:	Existing respiratory	/pulmonary and	d skin co	onditions m	ay be aggravated by overexposure.			
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAI	. INFORMATION	N						
ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS: SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CO	When in contact w bio-accumulation o	rith water an ine occurring.	al comp ert non-b	onents, this biodegradal	s product has low ecotoxicity on aquatic organisms. ble solid will be produced. There is no evidence of			
WASTE DISPOSAL: SECTION 14: TRANSPORT	dispose of any conta any other municipal such enterprises. Dis local, state, and fede of any and all variant recycling, disposing, unknown effects fro PROTECTION of this environmental prote	aminants into san waste water trea spose of raw or u ral laws. Employ ts of this product. or reusing conta m mixing with oth s document for po- ction laws and st	itary sew tment fac nused m the expe Ensure n iners. Tak ner substa ersonal p	er systems, s illity without v aterials, wast rtise and kno naterial conta ke special pro ances. Refer rotection rec	e eliminated and/or minimized when possible. Do not storm drains, Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW), or written approval and agreements for processing wastes with tes, and/or by-products in accordance with all applicable owledge of qualified personnel or contractors in disposal ainers are cleaned to the applicable standards before ecautions to avoid any cross contamination and potential to SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/ PERSONAL quirements. Disposal to the environment or in violation of nted.			
DOT:	Other regulated si less than 5,000 lb			contains: 4	1,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate) *Single containers			
TDG:	Not regulated.	s. are not regul	ateu.					
IMDG:	Not regulated.							
IATA:	Not regulated.							
This product could potentially con	aminate aquatic an all other applicable	entities must re	eview, fo	ollow, and a	andled in accordance with all precautions, regulations, pply any and all necessary precautions and al environments.			
REGULATORY INFORMATION	UN NUMBER	CLASSES	PG*	LABEL	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION			
DOT Classification	NA3082 9 III Reportable quantity 5,000 lbs. (2,268 kg) Sing containers less than 5,000 lbs. are not regulated							
*PG: Packaging group			•					

SECTION 15: REGULATORY	INFORMATION							
U.S. Federal Regulations								
TSCA 8b Inventory:	All components are listed on the TSCA inventory or are exempt.							
TSCA 5a (2):	No components lis	ted.						
TSCA 5e:	No components lis	ted.						
TSCA 12b:	No components lis	No components listed.						
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs):	СОМР	ONENT	CAS N	IUMBER	CONCENTRATION			
nazardous Air Poliutants (nAPS):	4,4'-Diphenylmetha	ane diisocyanate	101	-68-8	1-10%			
Clean Air Act - Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS):	This product does	not contain nor is it m	anufactured with o	zone depleting subs	tances.			
SARA 313 Form R - Reporting	СОМР	ONENT	CAS N	IUMBER	CONCENTRATION			
Requirements:	4,4'-Diphenylmetha	ane diisocyanate	101	-68-8	1-10%			
SARA 311/312 hazard identification:	Immediate (acute) I Delayed (chronic) h							
CERCLA Hazardous substances:								
Component	Concentration	Section 302	Section 313	Section 304	Reportable Quantity			
4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	20-40%	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	5,000 lbs			
STATE REGULATIONS:								
PENNSYLVANIA/NEW JERSEY/	COMPONENT		CAS N	IUMBER	CONCENTRATION			
MASSACHUSETTS - RTK:	2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate		5873-54-1		20-40%			
	4,4'-Diphenylmetha	ane diisocyanate	101-68-8		20-40%			
California Prop 65:	This product contai	ins less than 0.1% of a	chemical known to	the State of Californ	nia to cause cancer.			
CANADA								
WHMIS (Canada):	WHMIS Class D-1A: WHMIS Class D-2A	Material causing im Material causing ot	nediate and seriou her toxic effects (ve	s toxic effects (very t ry toxic).	oxic).			
CEPA DSL:	All components are	e listed or exempted.						
This product has been classified in the information required by the Cor			e Controlled Prod	ucts Regulations an	d the SDS contains all			
INTERNATIONAL LISTS:								
Australia inventory (AICS):	All components are	e listed or exempted.						
China inventory (IECSC):	All components are	e listed or exempted.						
Japan inventory:	All components are	e listed or exempted.						
Korea inventory:	All components are	e listed or exempted.						
New Zealand inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):	All components are	e listed or exempted.						
Phillipines inventory (PICCS):	All components are	e listed or exempted.						

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION



Note: The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. At the time of publishing, the NFPA/HMIS and the New GHS scale had opposite scales of severity. Check the most recent publications for current information.

For Your Protection:	The information and recommendations in this publication is to the best of our knowledge, reliable. The toxicity and risk characteristics of products made by SPI will necessarily differ from the toxicity and risk characteristics that occur when such products are used with other materials during a manufacturing process. The resulting risk characteristics should be determined and made known to ultimate end-users and processors. The user is responsible to comply with all applicable federal, provincial or municipal laws and regulations. SPI MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
Preparation Information:	This SDS supersedes ALL previous SDS versions.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

K5[™] "B" Component Revised Date: 02/28/2019 Version: 10 SDS-069

<u>SEAMEESS SOLOTIC</u>	INS FOR OVER 40 TEARS					
SECTION 1: ID	ENTIFICATION					
TOLL FREE INTERNATIONAL FAX	DUCT NAMEK5" "B" ComponentS NUMBERNot availableDUCT USEPolyurea CoatingNUFACTURERSpecialty Products, Inc. (SPI)DRESS2410 104TH ST. CT. S. STE D LAKEWOOD, WA 98499DNE253 588 7101C253 588 7196ERGENCY CONTACTFOR SPILLS, LEAKS, FIRE, OR EXPOSURE CALL CHEMTRECL FREE800 424 9300ERNATIONAL+1 703 527 3887					
SECTION 2. II	ALARDS IDENTIFICAT					
				LEMENTS		
		Gł	HS PICT	OGRAM		
		No.				
		GH		FICATION		
	CATEGORY	GI		HAZARD STATEMENTS		
Acute toxicity oral	CATEGORY	Category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed.		
Acute toxicity dern	าลไ	Category 4	H312	Harmful in contact with skin.		
Skin corrosion/irrit		Category 1C	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.		
Acute hazard aqua		Category 3	H402	Harmful to aquatic life.		
Long-term hazard	aquatic environment	Category 2	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
		PRECAU	TIONARY	STATEMENTS		
	1		PREVEN	TION		
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/g		spray.			
P264	Wash hands thoroughly afte					
P270	Do not eat, drink, or smoke		product.			
P273	Avoid release to the environ					
P280	Wear protective gloves/pro	tective clothing/				
P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POI		RESPO	-		
P330	Rinse mouth.	SON CENTER OF	uocioi/pi			
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with pler	nty of soap and w	vater			
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or			l unwell.		
P322	Specific measures (see sec					
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.					
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.					
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.					
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.					
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.					
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.					
P321	Specific treatment (see sec		,			
P391	Collect spillage. Hazardous	to the aquatic e				
D 405			STORA	GE		
P405	Store locked up.		DISDO			
DE01	Dispose of contact /	oor in coor	DISPO:			
P501	ispose of contents/contail	ner in accordanc	e with app	blicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.		



CHEMICAL NAME		CAS NUMBER	% WEIGHT			
Polyoxypropylenediamine		9046-10-0	50-90			
Diethylmethylbenzenediamine		68479-98-1	20-40			
Glyceryl poly (oxypropylene) triamine		64852-22-8	1-10			
SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASUR	ES					
EYE:	In case of contact with the eyes, rinse immediately for Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	at least 15 minutes with	plenty of water.			
SKIN:	Wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water.	Get medical attention if	symptoms occur.			
INHALATION:	Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep necessary. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	the person calm. Assis	t in breathing if			
INGESTION:	Rinse mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not inc give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or if symptoms occur.					
NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:	Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Follo should be monitored for 48 hours.	owing severe exposure,	medical follow-u			
SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEA	SURES					
FLASH POINT:	>340°F (171°C).					
HAZARDS WHEN ON FIRE OR NEAR FLAME:	May produce toxic fumes of carbon dioxide and carbon When in a closed container, pressure will increase whi					
SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	Dry chemical foam, carbon dioxide, foam, or water spra	ay (mist/fog) to extinguis	sh.			
UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	None known.					
SPECIAL EXPOSURE HAZARDS:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If in a fire heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may rupture.					
SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTERS:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equip apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in po safety helmet and protective clothing should be worn.	ment and self-contained sitive pressure mode. F	d breathing VC boots, gloves			
SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEA	SE MEASURES					
ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:	For major spills call CHEMTREC: Toll free 1-800-424-9	300 for international ca	1-703-527-388			
PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:	Wear appropriate personal protective equipment recommended in SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTRO PERSONAL PROTECTION of this SDS. Immediately contact emergency personnel. Evacuate the are upwind avoiding inhalation of vapors. Clean-up should only be performed by trained personnel. Peo dealing with major spillages should wear full protective clothing including respiratory protection.					
ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:	This material may contaminate the environment without proper control and response to spills. En spilled material does not come in contact with soil, waterway, drains, sewers, or other runoff that water disperse the material. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environme pollution (sewers, waterways, soil, or air). Sources of ignition should be kept clear.					
METHODS FOR CONTAINMENT:	Use diking or capping to control migration. Contain and absorb large spillages with a non-flammable absorbent carrier (such as vermiculite, earth, or sand). DO NOT USE combustible materials such as sawd Shovel into open-top drums or plastic bags for further decontamination, if necessary. Remove and prope dispose of residues. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor (See SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS) Notify applicable government authorities if release is reportable.					
METHODS FOR CLEANING UP:	Only proceed with clean up by taking the appropriate persensure surrounding area does not contain further hazards or cause further harm (i.e. eliminate any ignition sources). containers from the spill zone if it can be done safely. Dike leaks without posing further damage or harm to individual Contain and collect spillage. See SECTION 13: DISPOSAL and SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/ PERSONAL PROProtective Equipment (PPE). Obey all local, state, and federations of the safely of the safe state.	that could worsen the sp Move any non-contamina e, dam, or further restrict s, the environment, and/o CONSIDERATIONS for co DTECTION for recommen	bill, cause migratio ated, non-leaking and stop active or structures. lisposal informatic ded Personal			

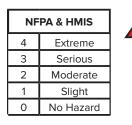
SECTION 7: HANDLING & STOR	AGE						
GENERAL:	Ideal storage temperature is 60-90°F (15-32°C). Handling and storage shall be in accordance with local, state/provincial, or federal regulations.						
HANDLING:	Before opening this package, read and follow warning labels on all components. Avoid contact with the product or reaction mixture. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Use only with adequate ventilation to ensure that the occupational exposure limit is not exceeded, use respirator where ventilation is inadequate. Avoid breathing aerosols, mists, and vapors. (See SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/ PERSONAL PROTECTION for details). Do not ingest. Eating, drinking, and smoking shall be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Workers shall wash hands ar face before eating, drinking, and smoking. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems, asthma allergies, or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which the product is used. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material. Keep tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse containers.						
STORAGE:	Keep container tightly closed and properly sealed when stored. When possible, store product indoors in a dry, well-ventilated area. Store in original container, away from incompatible materials, and away from food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers and use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.						
SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTR	OLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION						
EXPOSURE LIMITS:	As of the latest revision of this document, no known exposure limits exist for this product. The absence of current exposure data does not relieve an employer, user, or other to determine the specific hazards and appropriate exposure protection measures in the application and use of this product. Personal, workplace, atmospheric, and/or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of engineering, administrative, and/or other best practice control measures. These monitoring results determine the need for and type of respiratory protective equipment, if any. Refer to the appropriate local, state, and federal regulations and statutes for the most current information and for guidance in the determination of hazardous conditions and the correlating personal protective equipment.						
ENGINEERING CONTROLS:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor, or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, and other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.						
HYGIENE MEASURES:	Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly with plenty of soap and water after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, and using the restroom and at the end of the working period. Appropriate engineering, administrative, and other best practice decontamination control measures must be used to isolate contaminates on clothing and to prevent unintended migration of contaminants. Handle clothing and other potentially contaminated material appropriately and in compliance with local, state, and federal regulations in the process of removing, washing/cleaning, and reuse of these potentially contaminated materials. Ensure compliant use and location of eyewash station and safety showers.						
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):						
EYE PROTECTION:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield.						
SKIN PROTECTION:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed, the risks involved, and should be approved by an industrial hygiene specialist before handling this product.						
HANDS PROTECTION:	Chemical resistant gloves complying with applicable health and safety standards shall be worn when handling this product. Protective gloves are those made from butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or polyvinyl alcohol. Appropriate hazard assessments in conjunction with an evaluation of the protection factors of chemical resistant gloves shall be performed to ensure the protective properties remain intact. It is noted that the time it takes to breakdown of protection factors of chemical resistant gloves may be impacted and deteriorate at unpredictable rates without understanding the impact of the substance and the specific protection factors of the chemical resistant gloves.						
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:	Ensure adequate ventilation. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as OSHA 29CFR 1910.134, NIOSH (US), or CEN (EU).						
ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:	Dispose of raw and spent materials and wastes in compliance with all local, state, and federal regulations to prevent potential environmental contamination. Industrial air monitoring may be required to determine any potential environmental hazards to the atmosphere. This monitoring may result in the use of engineering and administrative controls such as filtering and scrubbing systems to mitigate or eliminate potential contaminants.						

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL & C		FIES					
PHYSICAL STATE:	Liquid	FL	ASH POINT	:	>340°F (171°C)		
COLOR:	Clear	AL	JTO-IGNITIC	ON TEMPERATURE:	Not available		
ODOR:	Amine odor	DE	DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE:		Not available		
ODOR THRESHOLD:	Not available	EX	EXPLOSIVE LIMITS:		Not explosive		
pH:	Not applicable	FL	FLAMMABILITY:		Not available		
WATER SOLUBILITY:	Not available	вс	BOILING POINT:		Not available		
PARTITION COEFFICIENT:	Not available	BC	DILING RAN	GE:	Not available		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	0.99±0.005 g/cc @ 77°F	(25°C) M	ELTING/FRE	EZING POINT:	Not available		
VISCOSITY:	250±50 mPa.s @ 77°F (2	5°C) 🗸	APOR PRES	SURE:	Not available		
EVAPORATION RATE:	Not available	VA	APOR DENS	ITY:	Not available		
VOC:	0 g/L	RE	LATIVE DEI	NSITY:	8.2±0.05 lbs/gal		
SECTION 10: STABILITY &	REACTIVITY						
STABILITY:	Stable when handled an	d stored at te	mperatures	60-90°F (15-32°C).			
INCOMPATIBILITY:	Strong reaction with acid	ds and oxidizir	ng agents.				
HAZARDOUS REACTION:	No specific data availabl	le.					
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	Hazardous polymerizatio	on will not occ	cur under no	rmal conditions of storage	e and use.		
CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	Avoid temperatures abov	e 100°F (38°C) a	and freezing	temperatures. Avoid moist	ure contamination in containers.		
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:	Combustion of product w	ill lead to oxide	es of nitrogen	n, carbon dioxide, and carbo	on monoxide being produced.		
SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGY	INFORMATION						
ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS:							
EYE CONTACT:	Not available.						
SKIN CONTACT:	Not available.						
INHALATION:	Not available.						
INGESTION:	Not available.						
ACUTE TOXICITY:							
COMPONENT NAME	CAS NUMBER	LD ₅₀ Oral	(mg/kg)	LD ₅₀ Dermal (mg/kg)	LC ₅₀ Inhalation (mg/L/4hrs)		
Polyoxypropylenediamine	9046-10-0	2,885	ĺ	2,980 (rabbit)	0.37 (rat)		
Diethylmethylbenzenediamine	68479-98-1	738 ((rat)	>2,000 (rabbit)	Not available		
Glyceryl poly (oxypropylene) triamine	64852-22-8	2,690	(rat)	12,500(rabbit)	Not available		
POTENTIAL CHRONIC EFFECTS:							
CHRONIC EFFECTS:	thyroid, and eyes. There	e was an incre	ease in the n	umber of tumors in the liv	d effects in the pancreas, liver, ver and thyroid of male rats. An s of female rats was also found.		
TARGET ORGANS:	Pancreas, liver, thyroid,	and eyes.					
CARCINOGENICITY:	As of this publication, th Carcinogens. Please re	As of this publication, this material is not listed on the National Toxic Program (NTP) Report of Carcinogens. Please refer to the most recent information with NTP.					
MUTAGENICITY:	No known significant eff	fects or critica	l hazards.				
TERATOGENICITY:	No known significant ef	fects or critica	I hazards.				
FERTILITY EFFECTS:	No known significant ef	fects or critica	l hazards.				
DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS:	No known significant ef	fects or critica	I hazards.				
MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVER-EXPOSURE:	No known significant ef	fects or critica	II hazards.				

		IATION					
ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS:		Based on a review of the individual components, this product may be immediately harmful to aquatic org- may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment, and not readily biodegradable.					
SECTION 13: DISPOSAL O	ONSIDER	ATION					
WASTE DISPOSAL:	Do no Works agree and/o and k Ensur conta mixin, of this	By-product wastes or process waste generation should be eliminated and/or minimized when possible. Do not dispose of any contaminants into sanitary sewer systems, storm drains, Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW), or any other municipal waste water treatment facility without written approval and agreements for processing wastes with such enterprises. Dispose of raw or unused materials, wastes, and/or by-products in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal laws. Employ the expertise and knowledge of qualified personnel or contractors in disposal of any and all variants of this product. Ensure material containers are cleaned to the applicable standards before recycling, disposing, or reusing containers. Take special precautions to avoid any cross contamination and potential unknown effects from mixing with other substances. Refer to SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/ PERSONAL PROTECTION of this document for personal protection requirements. Disposal to the environment or in violation of environmental protection laws and statutes must be prevented.					
SECTION 14: TRANSPOR		ATION					
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	-						
DOT:	Not regula	Not regulated.					
TDG:	Not regula	Not regulated.					
IMDG:	Environme	Environmentally hazardous substance liquid, n.o.s. (Diethylmethylbenzendiamine).					
ΙΑΤΑ:	Environme	Environmentally hazardous substance liquid, n.o.s. (Diethylmethylbenzendiamine).					
	d all other ap	plicable enti [.]	ties mu	ust review, follow, and	handled in accordance with all precautions, regulations, I apply any and all necessary precautions and proce- nvironments.		
REGULATORY INFORMATION	UN NUMBER	CLASSES	PG*	LABEL	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION		
IMDG Classification	UN3082	9	111		Limited Quantities (LQ) : 5L Excepted Quantities (EQ): Code E1 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml		
IATA-DGR Classification	UN3082	9	111		Passenger and Cargo AircraftQuantity Limitation: 450LPackaging Instructions: 964Cargo Aircraft OnlyQuantity Limitation: 450LPackaging Instructions: 964		
*PG: Packaging group							

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INF	ORMATION				
U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS					
TSCA 8b Inventory:	All components are listed on the TSCA inventory or are exempt.				
TSCA 5a (2):	No components listed.				
TSCA 5e:	No components listed.				
TSCA 12b:	No components listed.				
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs):	No components listed.				
Clean Air Act - Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS):	This product does not contain nor is it manufactured with ozone depleting substances.				
SARA 313 Form R - Reporting	COMPONENT	CAS NUMBER	CONCENTRATION		
Requirements:	Diethylmethylbenzenediamine	68479-98-1	20-40%		
SARA 311/312 hazard identification:	Immediate (acute) health hazard. Delayed (chronic) health hazard.				
CERCLA Hazardous substances:	No components listed.				
STATE REGULATIONS:					
PENNSYLVANIA/NEW JERSEY/ MASSACHUSETTS - RTK:	No components listed.				
California Prop 65:	This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.				
CANADA					
WHMIS (Canada):	WHMIS Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (toxic). WHMIS Class E: Corrosive.				
CEPA DSL:	All components are listed or exempted.				
This product has been classified in acco the information required by the Controll		Controlled Products Regul	lations and the SDS contains all		
INTERNATIONAL LISTS:					
Australia inventory (AICS):	All components are listed or exempted	ed.			
China inventory (IECSC):	All components are listed or exempted	ed.			
Japan inventory:	All components are listed or exempted	ed.			
Korea inventory:	All components are listed or exempted	ed.			
New Zealand inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):	All components are listed or exempted.				
Phillipines inventory (PICCS):	All components are listed or exempte	ed.			

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION



National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) HEALTH FLAMMABILITY REACTIVITY SPECIAL INFORMATION

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)

HEALTH	3
FLAMMABILITY	1
REACTIVITY	0
SPECIAL INFORMATION	

Note: The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. At the time of publishing, the NFPA/HMIS and the New GHS scale had opposite scales of severity. Check the most recent publications for current information.

	The information and recommendations in this publication is to the best of our knowledge, reliable. The toxicity and risk characteristics of products made by SPI will necessarily differ from the toxicity and risk characteristics that occur when such products are used with other materials during a manufacturing process. The resulting risk characteristics should be determined and made known to ultimate end-users and processors. The user is responsible to comply with all applicable federal, provincial or municipal laws and regulations. SPI MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
Preparation Information:	This SDS supersedes ALL previous SDS versions Page 6 of 7